

CERTAIN INVESTIGATION ON PAPER RECYCLING SYSTEM USING AUTOMATION SYSTEM

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Abstract—The process in which the field of paper productions, in a day to day almost 10% of papers are removed considering their quality standards or other reasons and these are called as Brokes. This part of function takes place at each and every level of manufacturing Unit. The final rejection is finishing house where all the broke are composed towards and fed into pulper as a process of recycling it. Our definitive aim is to automate and to control the above process by designing a system using Programmable Logic Controllers. To decrease the man authority system we have proposed the scheme into Automated by using the Programmable Logic Controllers. These removable papers are been put into the socializing chest by man power system and our ultimate aim is to automate and control the system by using programmable logic controllers. The Destitute feeding are fully collected together and combinely fed into Pulper as a process of recycling it. The final condition is done in finishing area where all the Brokes are unruffled and combinable fed into Pulper as a reusing.

Keywords—Removing,Pulper,Agitiator

1. INTRODUCTION

The system is well fashioned and that has grown from the preliminary volume of each tones per to the present level of responsible level of tones per annum. Under the mill enlargement plan, and has been installed a new state of the art at a capital outlay function. The contraption has capacity of functioning 5.45M deckle, operating at 1100 beat per minuscule speed and is capable of producing high quality pigmented and shallow sized papers. It has the benefit of low explicit energy consumption. The part of backward mixing of chemical bagasse pulping line completed rapidly as of the mill development plan will increase living bagasse pulp making from 400 tons. A multi fuel tall pressure cistern has been mounted with haze cohort capacity of 125 tph to take care of the supplementary steam requirement. As a part of corporate social responsibility initiatives, for which the polices have controlled to stable growth from the initial capacity. The unremitting progression has made to emerge a weighty player in the Indian paper commerce with the credit of being the largest producer of inscription paper in the country. A large portion of the equipment installed are first of it's in the manufacturing. From the largest source function of being an industrial source from the lifted nature of maintaining the emerged conditions in Paper materials.

1.1 PRODUCTS MAINTAINED

It suggestions high-quality surface sized and non-surface sized paper to suit the needs of current high speed production machines. The cutting edge technology assisted by experienced professionals that ensures the excellence products to patrons. The papers produced by eco- friendly as the pulp is manufactured out of renewable raw material and is subjected to Elemental Chlorine Free (ECF) bleaching. As the paper is acid free, it has a longer color

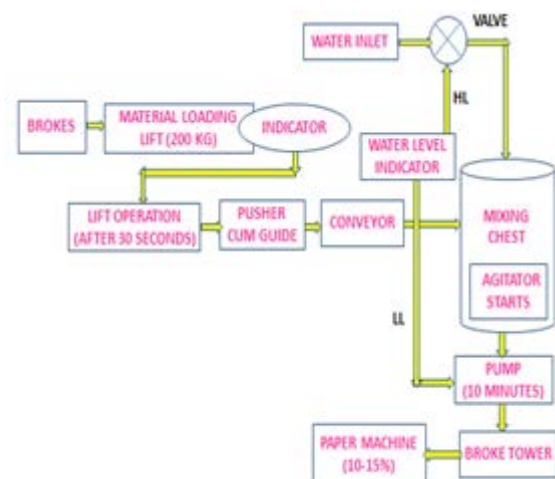
steadiness and greater permanency in terms of strength characteristics. It buildings in Printing and Writing Papers in substances ranging from 50 GSM function state condition to 110 GSM.

2. EXISTING SYSTEM

He put the brokes into the pulper, open blow for the agreed water level & start the mixer. He would do this whole process physically. So we need at least 3 workers for this nonstop process. It is the existing system at each level of sequence functioning at state of removing the brokes.

2.1 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF AN EXISTING SYSTEM

The lump chart for the Surviving system is schemed in the following ways

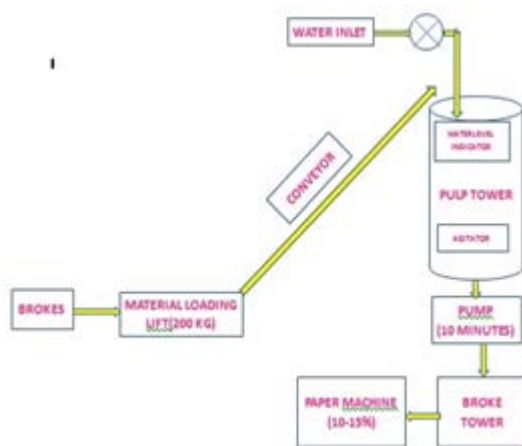


3. PROPOSED SYSTEM

They shaped range 1500 MT weekly per day. And 10 % of this invention will be considered as waste like, incorrect GSM (paper size), paper cutting & etc. Now the worker collects the complete brokes, broke is wrought and that has well esteemed source. So we need at least some workers for this continuous process. It is the existing system for removing the brokes. Our Ultimate is to mechanise the above process by using the process of PLC methods. PLC stands for Programmable Logic Controller. We used the Crouzet logic function to control the whole system process.

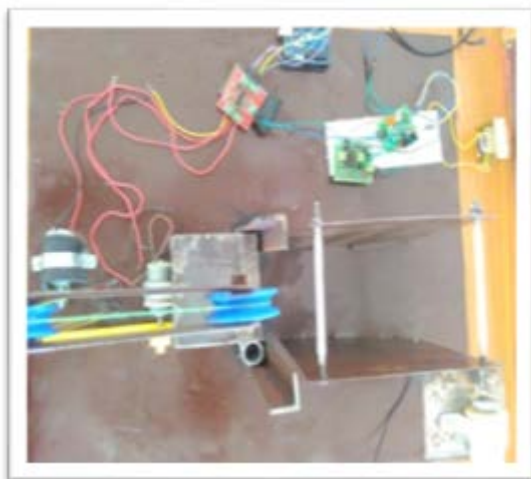
3.1 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF AN PROPOSED SYSTEM

The block diagram for the Planned system has been schemed in the following ways



4. PROTOTYPE

In our exemplar we are using aurdino UNO board and driver circuit for purpose of monitoring the motor. The transformer has been used for step down the voltage from 220volt to 12volt. There are two types of driver trips. Mixture driver circuit can be used upto 30 volt. In our exemplar we require 12 volt. Similarly the driver circuit used upto 12 volt. The part of implementation illustrating for our prototype maintained and gets Schemed.



In perpetuation with this occupation we had developed the process of organization in both the forward and the retrograde in directions by using the aurdino program

5. PROGRAM

The Programming used for the prototype model is listed in the following ways

```
//AUTOMATIC BROKEFEEDING IN PAPER MACHINE
```

```
const int in_1=2; // MOTOR 1
const int in_2=3;
```

```
const int in_3=4; // MOTOR 2
const int in_4=5;
```

```
const int in_5=8; // MOTOR 3
const int in_6=9;
```

```
void setup()
```

```
{
  pinMode (2,OUTPUT);
  pinMode (3,OUTPUT);
```

```
  pinMode (4,OUTPUT);
  pinMode (5,OUTPUT);
```

```
  pinMode (8,OUTPUT);
  pinMode (9,OUTPUT);
```

```
}
```

```
void loop()
```

```
{
  // LIFT MOTOR UP
  digitalWrite(2,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(3,LOW);
  delay(69505);
```

```
  // LIFT MOTOR STOP
  digitalWrite(3,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(2,HIGH);
```

```
  // PUSHER FORWARD
  digitalWrite(4,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(5,LOW);
  delay(26500);
```

```
  // PUSHER BACKWARD
  digitalWrite(5,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(4,LOW);
  delay(24000);
```

```
  // PUSHER STOP
  digitalWrite(5,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(4,HIGH);
```

```
  // COVEYOR START
  digitalWrite(8,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(9,LOW);
```

```
  // LIFT BACKWARD
  digitalWrite(3,HIGH);
```

```
digitalWrite(2,LOW);
delay(69505);
```

```
//LIFT MOTOR STOP
digitalWrite(3,LOW);
digitalWrite(2,LOW);
}
```

6. ADVANTAGES

- Expected consistency of output pulp is maintained
- High precision in Broke loading
- A perfect time cycle oriented process can be achieved

7. COMPARISON BETWEEN EXISTING AND PROPOSED SYSTEM

S.NO	CONDITION	EXISTING	PROPOSED
1	LIFT PERIOD	1MINUTE	20 SECONDS
2	MAN POWER	6 WORKER	2 WORKER
3	ACCIDENT PERCENTAGE	10%	1%
4	WORKING HOURS	12 HOUR	24 HOUR
5	RECYCLE BROKES	5 TONS	10 TONS
6	WASTAGES	20%	5%
7	LIFE TIME	10 YEARS	20 YEARS

8. CONCLUSION

The manual broke feeding scheme to remove the waste, called brokes. Using this project we will automate the whole process. Using PLC it is very easy to handle the faults & future up with progression. Also decrease the man power due to the automation in the broke nursing system. Once we connect this system in the broke feeding system, it reduces men’s workload. So it is very useful to the industry for their removing system. So finally we conclude that the “CERTAIN INVESTIGATION ON PAPER RECYCLING SYSTEM USING AUTOMATION SYSTEM” is very much useful to the removing of brokes .

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